हेमचंद यादव विश्वविद्यालय, दुर्ज (छ.ञ.) (पूर्व नाम- दुर्ग विश्वविद्यालय, दुर्ग)

शर्यपुर नाका दुर्ग (छ.ग.).491001

ई मेल : registrana durguniversity.ac.in वेब साइट : www.durguniversity.ac.in दूरभाष : 0788-2359100

/ / अधिसूचना / /

दुर्ग, दिनांक . ? 4/11/21

हेमचंद यादव विश्वविद्यालय, दुर्ग द्वारा पी.एचडी. कोर्सवर्क परीक्षा 2021 का आयोजन किया गया। परीक्षा परिणामों के पुनरावलोकन हेतु विश्वविद्यालय की माननीय कुलपति महोदया द्वारा गठित विशेषज्ञ समिति की अनुशंसा के आधार पर पी–एच.डी. कोर्सवर्क विषय–Biotechnology में परीक्षा परिणाम अपरिवर्तित रहा।

संलग्नः-सूची

कुलसचिव हेमचंद यादव विश्वविद्यालय, दुर्ग (छ.ग.)

दुर्ग, दिनांक 24/11/21

पृ.क्र. 1328 / गोपनीय / 2021 प्रतिलिपिः--

क्रमांक 1327 / गोपनीय / 2021

- 1. संबंधित समस्त शोध केन्द्र, हेमचंद यादव विश्वविद्यालय, दुर्ग को सूचनार्थ।
- 2. माननीय कुलपति के सचिव/कुलसचिव के निज सहायक, हेमचंद यादव विश्वविद्यालय, दुर्ग को सूचनार्थ।

हेमचंद यादव विश्वविद्यालय, दुर्ग (छ.ग.)

HEMCHAND YADAV VISHWAVIDYALAYA, DURG (C.G.)

Ph.D. Coursework Examination 2021

माननीय कुलपति महोदया द्वारा गठित विषय विशेषज्ञ समिति के द्वारा पुनरावलोकन उपरांत पी—एच.डी. कोर्सवर्क लिखित परीक्षा 2021 में शोधार्थियों के प्राप्तांक निम्नानुसार हैं:—

Sr. No.	ROLL NO	NAME OF STUDENT	Written Exam (Marks)	RESULT	Remarks
1	2114001	AVINASH SINGH	68	QUALIFIED	
2	2114002	JAYA SHARMA	40	NOT QUALIFIED	
3	2114003	M.SMRITHI	60	QUALIFIED	
4	2114004	SWETA DAVE	50	NOT QUALIFIED	
5	2114005	NIKITA MISHRA	60	QUALIFIED	

Result Ph.D. in Biotechnology

Registrar

HEMCHAND YADAV VISHWAVIDYALAYA, DURG (C.G.)

Ph.D. Coursework Examination - 2021

Answer Key

Subject :- Biotechnology

Q.N.	Ans.	Q.N.	Ans.	Q.N.	Ans.	Q.N.	Ans.	Q.N.	Ans.
1	D	11	A	21	D	31	С	41	А
2	В	12	D	22	А	32	С	42	В
3	D	13	А	23	С	33	D	43	D
4	С	14	विलोपित	24	В	34	С	44	А
5	А	15	С	25	С	35	С	45	С
6	В	16	В	26	В	36	С	46	A
7	C	17	С	27	С	37	D	47	с
8	А	18	А	28	А	38	А	48	В
9	с	19	С	29	D	39	A	49	В
10	с	20	D	30	С	40	В	50	A

प्रश्न क्र. 14 विलोपित, बोनस अंक प्रदत्त।



HEMCHAND YADAV VISHWAVIDYALAYA, DURG (C.G.)

Ph.D. Course Work Examination 2021 BIOTECHNOLOGY

PAPER FIRST (PART-I)

Research Methodology Advanced Tools & Techniques, Quantitative Data Analysis and Computer Fundamentals

&

PAPER FIRST (PART-II)

RESEARCH & PUBLICATION ETHICS (RPE)

Time : Two Hours (For Part-I & Part-II)

Maximum Marks : (Part-I=70 + Part-II=30) = 100

All questions are compulsory. Each question carries 02 marks.

(Part-I)

- **1.** What is the name of the conceptual framework in which the research is carried out?
 - a. Research hypothesis
 - b. Synopsis of Research
 - c. Research paradigm
 - d. Research design
- 2. Which of the following is a popular programming language for developing multimedia webpages.
 - a. COBOL
 - b. Java
 - c. BASIC
 - d. Assembler
- **3.** The term _____ designates equipment that might be added to a computer system to enhance its functionality
 - a. Digital device
 - b. System add-on
 - c. Disk pack
 - d. Peripheral device

- **4.** For measuring using calorimetric biosensors, the sensitivity of the glucose analysis using glucose oxidase may be doubled by the co-immobilization of ______
 - a. Penicillinase
 - b. Uricase
 - c. Catalase
 - d. Urease
- 5. Ctrl, Shift and Alt are called keys.
 - a. Modifier
 - b. Function
 - c. Alphanumeric
 - d. Adjustment
- 6. Preliminary data collection is a part of the_____
 - a. Descriptive research
 - b. Exploratory research
 - c. Applied research
 - d. Explanatory research
- 7. Which of the following features are considered as critical in qualitative research?
 - a. Collecting data with the help of standardized research tools.
 - b. Design sampling with probability sample techniques.
 - c. Collecting data with bottom-up empirical evidence.
 - d. Gathering data with top-down schematic evidence.
- **8.** Mean weight of 100 children was 12 kgs. The standard deviation was 3. Calculate the percent coefficient of variance
 - a. 25%
 - b. 35%
 - c. 45%
 - d. 55%
- 9. Beer Lambert's law gives the relation between which of the following?
 - a. Reflected radiation and concentration
 - b. Scattered radiation and concentration
 - c. Energy absorption and concentration
 - d. Energy absorption and reflected radiation

- **10.** Percentage frequency distribution is represented by
 - a. Frequency polygon
 - b. Ogive representation
 - c. Pie diagram
 - d. Frequency table
- **11.** Ranking students from the individual with highest CGPA to the lowest CGPA is an example of a. Ordinal data
 - b. Nominal data
 - b. Nominal dat
 - c. Ratio data
 - d. Interval data
- **12.** The mean B.P. of a group of persons was determined and after an interventional trial, the mean BP was estimated again. The best test to be applied to determine the significance is
 - a. Chi-square
 - b. Paired 't' test
 - c. Correlation coefficient
 - d. t-test
- **13.** A regression line is a straight line which
 - a. Is located as close as possible to all the points of a scatter chart
 - b. Is defined by an equation having 2 parameters: the slope and the intercept
 - c. Provides an approximate relationship between the values of two parameters
 - d. Is parallel to one of the coordinate axes
- **14.** Which of the following tests are parametric test?
 - a. ANOVA
 - b. Student
 - c. Wilcoxon
 - d. Kruskal-Wallis
- **15.** SPSS stands for
 - a. Simple perfect squared square
 - b. Statistical product and service solutions
 - c. Statistical package for social science
 - d. Software package for statistical science

16. For a typical adsorbent such as silica gel, the most popular pore diameters are

- a. 10 and 50 Å $\,$
- b. 60 and 100 Å
- c. 100 and 150 Å
- d. 150 and 200 Å
- **17.** Thin layer chromatography is
 - a. Partition chromatography
 - b. Electrical mobility of ionic species
 - c. Adsorption chromatography
 - d. One of the above
- **18.** If a biochemical test gives the same reading for a sample on repeated testing, it is inferred that the measurement is
 - a. Precise
 - b. Accurate
 - c. Specific
 - d. Sensitive
- **19.** A normal distribution curve depends on
 - a. Mean and sample size
 - b. Range and sample size
 - c. Mean and standard deviation
 - d. Mean and median
- **20.** When the physical change produced in a biosensor is due to the movement of electrons produced in a redox reaction, the biosensor is referred to as ______
 - a. Calorimetric biosensor
 - b. Potentiometric biosensor
 - c. Piezo-electric biosensor
 - d. Amperometric biosensor
- 21. Silver halides are used in photo-graphic plates because they are:
 - a. Oxidised in air
 - b. Colourless
 - c. Easily soluble in hypo solution
 - d. Readily reduced by light

- **22.** A randomized trial comparing the efficacy of two drugs showed a difference between the two with a p value of <0.005. In reality, however the two drugs do not differ. This therefore is an example of
 - a. Type I error (alpha error)
 - b. Type II error (beta error)
 - c. 1 a (alpha)
 - d. 1 b
- **23.** Which part of the compound microscope helps in gathering and focusing light rays on the specimen to be viewed?
 - a. Eyepiece lens
 - b. Objective lens
 - c. Condenser lens
 - d. Magnifying lens
- **24.** While applying chi-square test to a contingency table of 4 rows and 4 columns, the degrees of freedom would be:
 - a. 1
 - b. 9
 - c. 8
 - d. 12

25. Oil immersion objective lens has an NA value of______

- a. 0.65
- b. 0.85
- c. 1.33
- d. 1.00

26. Sequence similarity can be quantified using _____ homology is a _____ statement.

- a. Percentages, quantitative
- b. Percentages, qualitative
- c. Ratios, qualitative
- d. Ratios, quantitative
- 27. The information retrieval tool of NCBI GenBank is
 - a. Text search
 - b. Seqln
 - c. Entrez
 - d. STAG

HYV-Ph.D.-Coursework-Biotech-2021

- 28. Which of the following steps in research are least vulnerable to research ethics?
 - A. Identifying the research variables
 - B. Defining the research variables
 - C. Data collection procedure
 - D. Data analysis procedure
 - E. Reporting research outcomes

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- a. A and B only
- b. B and C only
- c. C and D only
- d. D and E only
- **29.** What would the expected effect be on a PCR reaction if the primers used were slightly shorter and more variable than the intended oligonucleotide sequences?
 - a. The PCR reaction would not commence
 - b. The PCR reaction would end after one cycle
 - c. The reaction would generate a single short PCR product
 - d. The reaction would yield a mixture of non-specific products
- **30.** Radioactive iodine can be introduced in
 - a. Serine
 - b. Threonine
 - c. Tyrosine
 - d. Leucine
- **31.** The first secondary database developed was
 - a. PRINT
 - b. BLAST
 - c. PROSITE
 - d. PIR
- **32.** When the two sequences have substantial regions of similarity, many dots line up to form contiguous _____ lines.
 - a. Crossings on
 - b. Horizontal
 - c. Diagonal
 - d. Vertical

- **33.** Which of the following factors does not influence electrophoretic mobility?
 - a. Molecular weight
 - b. Shape of molecule
 - c. Size of molecule
 - d. Stereochemistry of molecule
- **34.** The subunit molecular weight as well as the number of subunits in the quaternary structure can be determined by
 - a. SDS-PAGE electrophoresis
 - b. Gel filtration chromatography
 - c. Combining information from (1) and (2)
 - d. Isoelectric focusing
- **35.** Which of the following reagents would be most useful in determining the N-terminal amino acid of polypeptide?
 - a. Trypsin
 - b. Cyanogen bromide
 - c. Phenylisothiocyanate
 - d. 1mol/ L HCl

<u>Part-II</u>

- **36.** What is an ethics committee?
 - a. People who like to talk a lot
 - b. A group of people who think about hypothetical research
 - c. A group of experienced people who will consider a research proposal and the degree to which ethical issues have been considered appropriately
 - d. A group of experienced people who are useful to draw on when writing a proposal as an optional extra
- **37.** Essential in ethics and ethical standards is:
 - a. A good grasp of research methods.
 - b. The capacity to produce good research.
 - c. A good understanding of business.
 - d. The capacity to distinguish between right and wrong.
- **38.** A gatekeeper is:
 - a. Any person or structure that controls access to people, places, structures and/or organizations.
 - b. A person in charge of a gate.
 - c. A security officer or guard.
 - d. A person who controls entrances and exits.

HYV-Ph.D.-Coursework-Biotech-2021

- **39.** The two important components of research responsibility are: sincerity in work and avoidinga. Plagiarism
 - b. writing the thesis
 - c. Research techniques
 - d. Confidentiality
- **40.** In carrying out the research, the researcher should engage properly and thoroughly with:
 - a. The media.
 - b. The literature on the topic.
 - c. Their peers.
 - d. Art and science.
- **41.** Ideally, the research participant's identity is not known to the researcher. This is called:
 - a. Anonymity
 - b. Confidentiality
 - c. Deception
 - d. Desensitizing
- **42.** The use of deception in social research is
 - a. illegal.
 - b. permissible under certain conditions.
 - c. methodologically unsound.
 - d. rare because of federal ethical constraints on it use.
- **43.** Which of the following is a form of harm that might be suffered by research participants?
 - a. Physical injury
 - b. Stress and anxiety
 - c. Impaired development
 - d. All of the above
- **44.** What do we advise as a good rule of thumb about sample size for group based quantitative projects?
 - a. Aim to recruit 20 participants per condition of your design
 - b. Aim to recruit 20 participants per member of the group
 - c. Aim to recruit 100 participants per condition of your design
 - d. Aim to recruit 100 participants per member of the group
- 45. Classification of all types of libraries has been made by
 - a. IFLA
 - b. UNISIST
 - c. UNESCO
 - d. INSDOC

HYV-Ph.D.-Coursework-Biotech-2021

- **46.** Which of the following is/are the potential benefits of using tools for testing? i) Reducing the repetitive work.
 - ii) Increasing consistency and repeatability.
 - iii) Over-reliance on the tool.
 - a. i and ii only
 - b. ii and iii only
 - c. i and iii only
 - d. All i, ii and iii
- **47.** urkund is a :
 - a. writing tool
 - b. grammar correction tool
 - c. plagiarism checker
 - d. none
- **48.** A hash function must meet criteria.
 - a. Two
 - b. Three
 - c. Four
 - d. none of the mentioned
- **49.** How many types of indexes are there in sql server?
 - a. 1
 - b. 2
 - c. 3
 - d. 4
- 50. h- index ----- Measures quantity with quality by comparing publications to citations.
 - a. True
 - b. False
 - c. Both
 - d. None
